

Operating instructions

Profibus Modules Article number LRZ 917

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YAAE0020

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Contents

1 SAFETY INFORMATION.....4

2 INSTALLING THE MODULES.....5

3 GENERAL INFORMATION.....6

4 MENU STRUCTURE OF THE PROFIBUS MODULE.....7

 4.1 COMMAND MENU STRUCTURE7

 4.2 MASTER MENU STRUCTURE8

5 ELECTRICAL CONNECTION.....9

6 PROTOCOL10

 6.1 PROTOCOL "LARGE".....10

 6.1.1 Write commands (data issued to the thermostat).....10

 6.1.2 Read commands (data request from the thermostat)12

 6.1.3 Error numbers.....14

 6.2 PROTOCOL "SHORT"15

7 PROFIBUS ERROR PROCESSING16

8 ERROR CHECK LIST17

Explanation of signs:



Danger: This sign is used where there may be injury to personnel if a recommendation is not followed accurately or is disregarded.



Note: Here special attention is drawn to some aspect. May include reference to danger.



Reference Refers to other information in different sections.

1 Safety information

Follow the operating instructions for the thermostat!

Withdraw the mains plug before installing the modules.

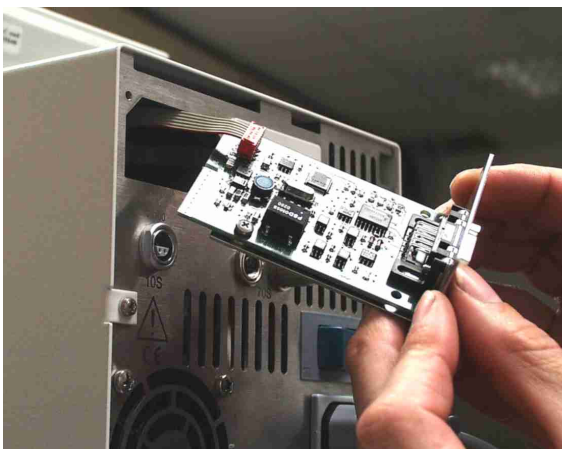
Touch an earthed component or use an antistatic wristband before unpacking the module.



- The Profibus module cannot be used in combination with an RS 232 / RS 485 module.
If necessary, use the RS 232 / RS 485 interface on the command control panel.

2 Installing the modules

The installation in a module slot is shown here using a Proline unit as an example. The same procedure applies to other thermostats. In case of doubt, refer to the operating manual for the respective thermostat.



- Touch an earthed component, e.g. the bath cover on the Proline thermostat or the bare interface panel on the Integral XT, to discharge any electrostatic charge. Alternatively, use an antistatic wristband before unpacking the module.
- Remove the module from its packaging.
- Switch off the thermostat and pull out the mains plug.
- Insert a screwdriver into the lower recess of the module cavity and pries up the plastic cover. The cover can then be pulled off downwards.

- Pull out the plug of the bus connecting cable from the plastic cover.

- Plug on the bus connecting cable (red plug onto red socket).
- Insert the module and secure with the two cross-head screws.
- Connect the mains plug again and switch on the thermostat.



- The plugs are protected against reverse polarity. The plugs have a ridge, which slides into a groove in the socket.

3 General information

GSD file and ID no.

Name of the GSD file: LPBM0A2B.GSD

ID no.: 0x0A2B

The GSD file contains information for the master (e.g. the transmission baud rate, response times, ect.) and is provided together with the bitmap file.

Baud rate

The transmission rate used by the master is detected automatically by the Profibus module. Transmission rates of up to 12 Mbaud are supported by the Profibus module.

Addressing

The Profibus address can be entered on the thermostat or assigned via the Profibus. As supplied, each device is set with the default address of 126. This address is required when a new address is assigned to the module via the Profibus. Before the system is put into operation, an address (from 1 to 125) which has not yet been issued must be assigned to each newly added device.

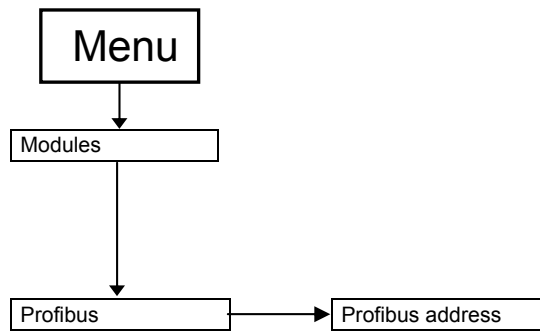
Profibus error detection

The Profibus ASIC signals via the red LED, when an error is present on the Profibus.

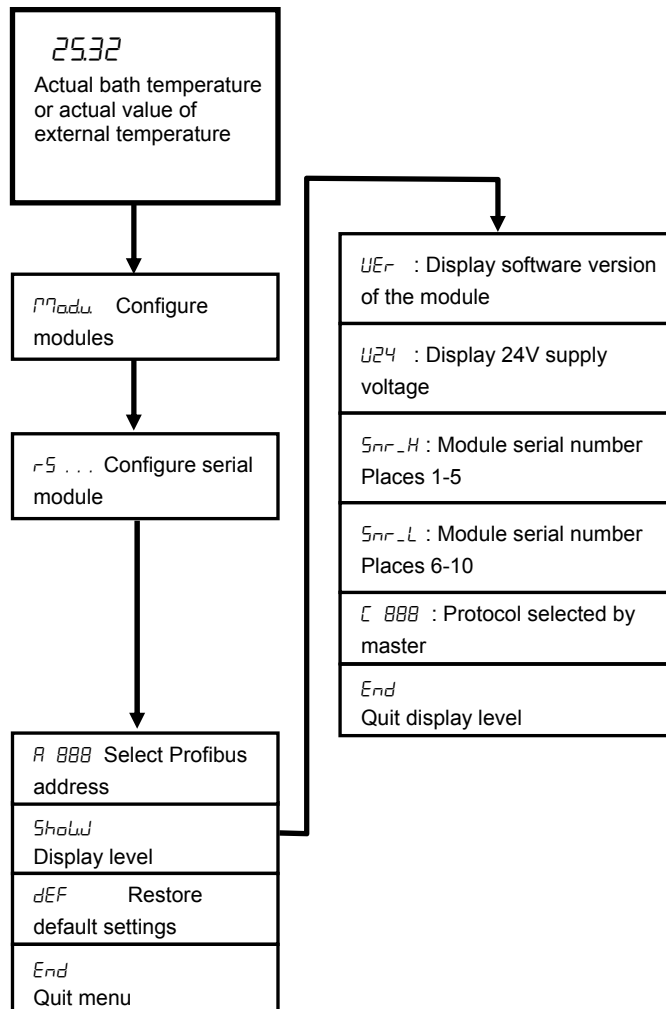
4 Menu structure of the Profibus module

All existing menu points are illustrated. Information that is more extensive can be found in the respective operating manuals of the thermostats.

4.1 Command menu structure

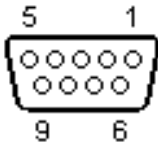


4.2 Master menu structure



5 Electrical connection

The data transmission occurs according to the RS485 standard.



– View of sockets on the plug side or of sockets on the solder side.

Contact	Name	Function
1		Reserved
2		Reserved
3	B	Data line (+)
4	CNTR-P	Control signal for repair
5	GND	Supply termination (-) and data reference potential
6	5V	Supply termination (+)
7		Reserved
8	A	Data line (-)
9		Reserved

The terminals 1, 2, 7 and 9 are reserved and must not be connected.

Use screened bus cables, the screens of which are earthed at both ends (e.g. plug case). The use of Profibus standard cables is recommended.

6 Protocol

The protocol is defined on the master with the project-definition tool via the module selection. Before useful data can be interchanged on the Profibus, each slave is initialized by the master. To achieve this, special telegrams with parameterization and configuration data are sent from the master to the slave. Based on the configuration data, the Profibus module detects the chosen protocol.

6.1 Protocol "Large"



- 7 bytes are sent cyclically from the master to the Profibus module and 6 bytes are sent from the Profibus module to the master.

Bytes from the master to the Profibus module.

Byte 1	Byte 2	Byte 3	Byte 4...7
Toggle Info	Command (Cmd)	Command no. (Cmd No)	Value

Bytes from the Profibus module to the master

Byte 1	Byte 2	Byte 3...6
Toggle Info	Command (Cmd)	Value

An integrated toggle byte is used to detect whether an interrogation has been sent many times consecutively or when the Profibus module has reacted to the command sent by the master. If the master sends a new command, it must change the toggle byte. In its response, the Profibus module takes over the toggle byte sent by the master.

The command from the master is identified in the following tables by the command and the command number. The reaction of the Profibus module is similarly identified via the command.

Some commands from the master and responses from the Profibus module include a numerical value. This is always transmitted in a resolution of one thousandth.

6.1.1 Write commands (data issued to the thermostat)



- With write commands from the master bytes 4...7 always contain a numerical value. This is always transmitted in a resolution of one thousandth.

Output data (data from the master to the Profibus module)

The column Relevance states whether the command is limited to a certain line of devices.

"P" => only Proline / "XT" => only Integral XT / blank => generally valid.

Cmd Byte 2	Cmd No Byte 3	Meaning	Relevance
Process value			
1	0	External temperature to be set through the interface [°C]	
Setpoint			
2	0	Setpoint temperature [°C]	
2	1	Pump output step	
2	4	TiH outflow temperature high limit [°C]	
2	5	TiL outflow temperature low limit [°C]	
Parameter			
3	0	Control parameter Xp [K]	
3	1	Control parameter Tn (5...180s; 181 = Off)	
3	2	Control parameter Tv [s]	
3	3	Control parameter Td [s]	
3	4	Control parameter KpE [Factor]	
3	5	Control parameter TnE (0...998s; 999 = Off)	
3	6	Control parameter TvE [s]	
3	7	Control parameter TdE [s]	
3	9	Max. outflow temperature limit [K]	
3	10	Control parameter XpF [K]	
3	11	Control parameter TnF (5...180s; 181 = Off)	
3	12	Control parameter TvF [s]	
3	13	Control parameter TdF [s]	
3	14	Setpoint offset [K]	
Modus			
4	0	Keyboard master: 0 = released / 1 = locked (corresponds to: "KEY")	
4	1	Control: 0 = internal / 1 = ext. Pt100 / 2 = ext. analog / 3 = ext. serial	
4	2	Standby operation: 0 = Unit on / 1 = Unit off	
4	3	Keyboard command: 0 = released / 1 = locked	
4	4	Setpoint offset source: 0 = normal / 1 = external Pt / 2 = ext. analog / 3 = ext. serial	

Input data (data from Profibus module to the master)

Cmd Byte 2	Value Byte 3...6	Meaning
0	0	Communication was successful
0xFF	Error number	Communication error

6.1.2 Read commands (data request from the thermostat)



- With read commands bytes 3...6 from the Profibus module always contain a numerical value. This is always transmitted in a resolution of one thousandth.

Output data (data from the master to the Profibus module)

The column Relevance states whether the command is limited to a certain line of devices.
 "P" => only Proline / "XT" => only Integral XT / blank => generally valid.

Cmd Byte 2	Cmd No Byte 3	Meaning	Relevance
Process value			
11	0	Bath resp. outflow temperature [°C]	
11	1	Controlled temperature (internal / external Pt100 / external analog / external serial) [°C]	
11	2	Pump pressure [bar]	XT
11	3	External temperature (Pt100) [°C]	
11	4	External temperature (analog input) [°C]	
11	5	Level	
11	6	Actuating signal (-1000...1000‰)	
Setpoint			
12	0	Temperature setpoint [°C]	
12	1	Pump output step	
12	3	Overtemperature switch-off point [°C]	
12	4	TiH outflow temperature high limit [°C]	
12	5	TiL outflow temperature low limit [°C]	
Parameter			
13	0	Control parameter Xp [K]	
13	1	Control parameter Tn (5...180s; 181 = Off)	
13	2	Control parameter Tv [s]	
13	3	Control parameter Td [s]	
13	4	Control parameter KpE [Factor]	
13	5	Control parameter TnE (0...998s; 999 = Off)	
13	6	Control parameter TvE [s]	

13	7	Control parameter TdE [s]	
13	9	Max. outflow temperature limit [K]	
13	10	Control parameter XpF [K]	
13	11	Control parameter TnF (5...180s; 181 = Off)	
13	12	Control parameter TvF [s]	
13	13	Control parameter TdF [s]	
13	14	Set point offset [K]	
Mode			
14	0	Keyboard master: 0 = released / 1 = locked (corresponds to: "KEY")	
14	1	Control: 0 = internal / 1 = external Pt100 / 2 = ext. analog / 3 = ext. serial	
14	2	Standby operation: 0 = Unit on / 1 = Unit off	
14	3	Keyboard command: 0 = released / 1 = locked	
14	4	Setpoint offset source: 0 = normal / 1 = external Pt / 2 = ext. analog / 3 = ext. serial	
General			
15	0	Device status: 0 = OK / 1 = Fault (error, alarm or warning)	
15	1	Error status: 0 = OK / 1 = error	
15	2	Alarm status: 0 = OK / 1 = alarm	
15	3	Warning status: 0 = OK / 1 = warning	
Versions			
16	0	Software version control system	
16	1	Software version protection system	
16	2	Software version command	
16	3	Software version cooling system	
16	4	Software version analog module	
16	5	Software version Profibus module	
16	6	Software version digital module	
16	7	Software version solenoid valve (cooling valve)	
16	8	Software version solenoid valve (automatic refill valve)	
16	9	Software version solenoid valve (constant level controller)	
16	10	Software version solenoid valve (shut off unit 1)	
16	11	Software version solenoid valve (shut off unit 2)	

16	12	Software version pump 0	
16	13	Software version pump 1	
16	14	Software version pump 2	
16	15	Software version pump 3	
16	16	Software version high temperature cooler	

Input data (data from Profibus module to the master)

Cmd Byte 2	Value Byte 3...6	Meaning
Cmd from output data	Requested data	Response to read command
0xFF	Error number	Communication error

6.1.3 Error numbers

Errors	Meaning
0x02	Error during internal communication
0x03	Wrong command
0x05	Syntax error in the value
0x06	Impermissible value
0x08	Module or value not present
0x30	Programmer, all segments occupied
0x31	No setpoint input possible, analog setpoint input ON
0x32	TiH <= TiL
0x33	External probe missing
0x34	Analog value not present
0x35	Automatic set
0x36	No setpoint input, programmer is running or is stopped on Pause
0x37	Start from programmer not possible, analog setpoint input is switched on

6.2 Protocol "Short"



- 32 bytes are interchanged cyclically between the master and the Profibus module.

The significance of the individual bytes is described in the following tables.

Temperatures are always transmitted in the ASCII fixed point format "XXX.XX" or "-XX.XX".

Output data (data from the master to the Profibus module)

Byte	Meaning	Format
0...5	Setpoint temperature [°C]	"XXX.XX" or "-XX.XX" (ASCII)
6	Controller operation	'1' = Run / '0' = Standby (ASCII)
7...31	Free	

Input data (data from Profibus module to the master)

Byte	Meaning	Format
0...5	Setpoint temperature [°C]	"XXX.XX" or "-XX.XX" (ASCII)
6...11	Internal temperature value (control system) [°C]	"XXX.XX" or "-XX.XX" (ASCII)
12...17	Actuating signal [%]	From "00-100" to "000100" (ASCII)
18...23	External temperature value from Pt100 [°C]	"XXX.XX" or "-XX.XX" (ASCII)
24...29	Internal temperature value (protection system) [°C]	"XXX.XX" or "-XX.XX" (ASCII)
30	Operational status	'1' = Run / '0' = Standby (ASCII)
31	Status	0x00 = OK / 0xFF = Fault (Hex)

If the master specifies a new setpoint temperature via the output data, this only appears in the input data when the new value has been accepted in the thermostat. The same applies to the start/ stop byte.

7 Profibus error processing

The red LED on the Profibus socket indicates a possible error → Profibus error.

The LED is directly driven from the Profibus ASIC and signals that the Profibus is not in the status "DATA EXCHANGE".

If the Profibus module detects an error, the error number is transferred to the master via the Profibus as an external diagnostic byte.

A differentiation is made between two error categories:

- Error 1...5 corresponds to a severe error. In this case the unit must be switched off and on again. If the error still occurs, the Profibus module must be replaced and sent in for repair.
- Errors 6...15 are warnings. These are only displayed for one minute to provide information and are then reset automatically.

Error number	Error description
0	Reserved
1	Hardware error
2	EEPROM error
3	Internal memory error
4	Fieldbus hardware error or wrong fieldbus ID
5	Script error
6	Reserved
7	RS transmit buffer overflow
8	RS receive buffer overflow
9	RS timeout
10	General fieldbus error
11	Parity error
12	Reserved
13	Configuration error by the Profibus Master
14	Fieldbus buffer overflow
15	Reserved

8 Error check list

The address set on the Profibus module does not match the address assigned in the master.

There are too many masters on the bus (e.g. parameterizing tools). The single master has too little time available on the bus to control the system correctly.

There are large gaps between the allocated addresses. With large gaps the passing of the token between two masters takes longer.

The bus cable has not been connected to the Profibus module.

The data lines A and B (or + and -) have been interchanged.

A bus cable is bad (high contact resistances) or it is defective. The use of Profibus standard cable is recommended.

The bus cable is too long. The maximum length depends on the selected transfer rate.

The wrong cable was selected. Whereas cables of Type B are only suitable for transfer rates up to 1.5 Mbaud and only short bus lengths can be achieved, cables of Type A can be used up to 12 Mbaud and longer maximum bus lengths can be achieved than for Type B with transfer rates up to and including 1.5 Mbaud.

Too many devices are connected to the Profibus segment. With the RS485 transmission technology a maximum of 32 devices can be connected.

The Profibus has not been terminated at both ends by active bus terminations.

The termination resistances on the active bus terminations have not been switched in. These must be activated on the first and last devices on a Profibus segment.

The active bus terminations are not being supplied with voltage.

A bus termination in the middle of the Profibus segment is switched in.

The bus termination in a Profibus device is set incorrectly. Some devices already have a bus termination integrated.

Too long spur lines have been used. Reflections, which can corrupt signals, arise due to spur lines. Avoid using spur lines if possible.

No screened bus cable has been used.

The mesh screen and, where applicable, the foil screen located below it, have not been connected to the protective earth (e.g. plug case) at both ends.

The transmission is briefly or permanently subject to EMC interference due to defective screening of the bus cable.

Due to potential differences, a circulating current can flow between the earthing points via the screen which is connected at both ends. In this case an additional potential equalization line between the connected devices is recommended.

The bus cable has been routed in the vicinity of cables carrying heavy current.

A device with a different transmission technology has been connected to the Profibus segment (e.g. current-modulated transmission technology according to IEC 61158-2, H1, Profibus PA).

ASCII Zeichensatz

0	0	NUL	32	20	SP	64	40	@	96	60	'
1	1	SOH	33	21	!	65	41	A	97	61	a
2	2	STX	34	22	"	66	42	B	98	62	b
3	3	ETX	35	23	#	67	43	C	99	63	c
4	4	EOT	36	24	\$	68	44	D	100	64	d
5	5	ENQ	37	25	%	69	45	E	101	65	e
6	6	ACK	38	26	&	70	46	F	102	66	f
7	7	BEL	39	27	'	71	47	G	103	67	g
8	8	BS	40	28	(	72	48	H	104	68	h
9	9	HAT	41	29	)	73	49	I	105	69	i
10	A	LF	42	2A	*	74	4A	J	106	6A	j
11	B	VT	43	2B	+	75	4B	K	107	6B	k
12	C	FF	44	2C	,	76	4C	L	108	6C	l
13	D	CR	45	2D	-	77	4D	M	109	6D	m
14	E	SO	46	2E	.	78	4E	N	110	6E	n
15	F	SI	47	2F	/	79	4F	O	111	6F	o
16	10	DLE	48	30	0	80	50	P	112	70	p
17	11	DC1	49	31	1	81	51	Q	113	71	q
18	12	DC2	50	32	2	82	52	R	114	72	r
19	13	DC3	51	33	3	83	53	S	115	73	s
20	14	DC4	52	34	4	84	54	T	116	74	t
21	15	NAK	53	35	5	85	55	U	117	75	u
22	16	SYN	54	36	6	86	56	V	118	76	v
23	17	ETB	55	37	7	87	57	W	119	77	w
24	18	CAN	56	38	8	88	58	X	120	78	x
25	19	EM	57	39	9	89	59	Y	121	79	y
26	1A	SUB	58	3A	:	90	5A	Z	122	7A	z
27	1B	ESC	59	3B	;	91	5B	[	123	7B	{
28	1C	FS	60	3C	<	92	5C	\	124	7C	|
29	1D	GS	61	3D	=	93	5D	]	125	7D	}
30	1E	RS	62	3E	>	94	5E	^	126	7E	~
31	1F	US	63	3F	?	95	5F	_	127	7F	DEL